

# Private ATT Reporting

Arms  
Trade  
Treaty

Baseline Assessment Project

DECEMBER 2024

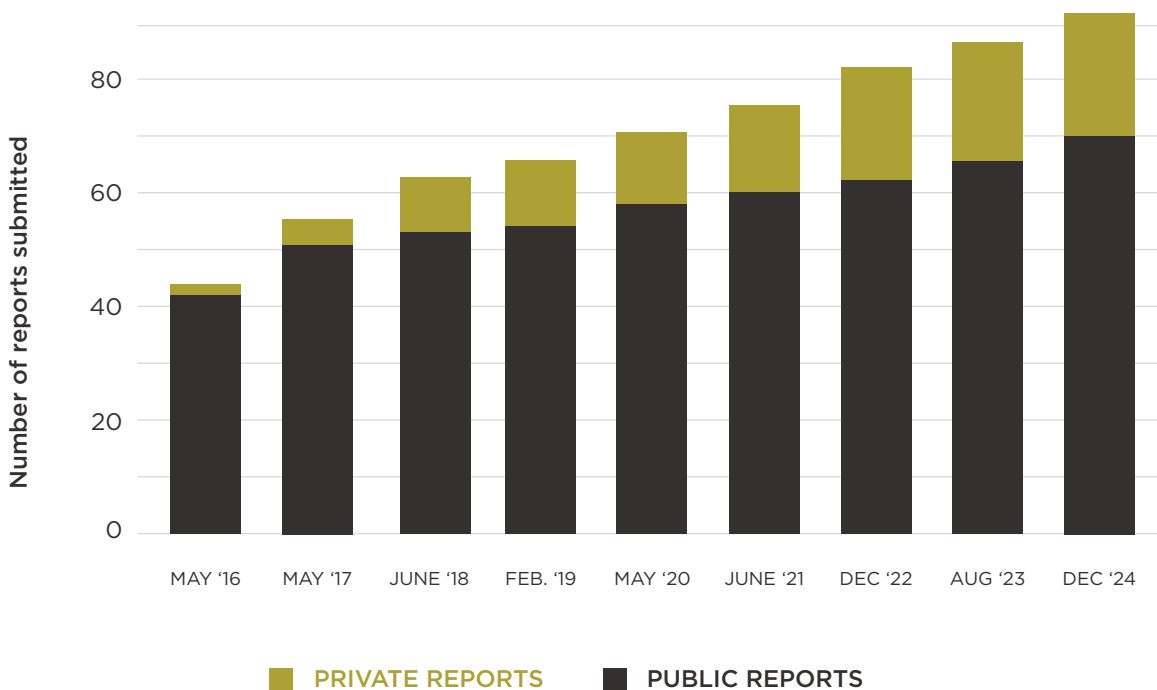
Private reporting refers to ATT States Parties submitting their initial or annual ATT reports only to the ATT Secretariat and other States Parties. Private reporting poses several challenges, including:

- ▶ **Hindering understanding** of how States Parties interpret and implement the treaty's provisions
- ▶ **Obscuring public accounting** of global arms transfer dynamics
- ▶ **Inhibiting identification** of good practices and assistance needs
- ▶ **Obstructing efforts** to identify problematic sales or dangerous accumulations

## INITIAL REPORTS

Private reports represent an increasing share of all initial reports submitted by States Parties over time and have increased in number each year. In May 2016, only **2 of the 47 initial reports submitted by States Parties were private**, representing 4% of all submitted reports at that time.

### Private Reporting for ATT Initial Reports Over Time (as of 1 December 2024)

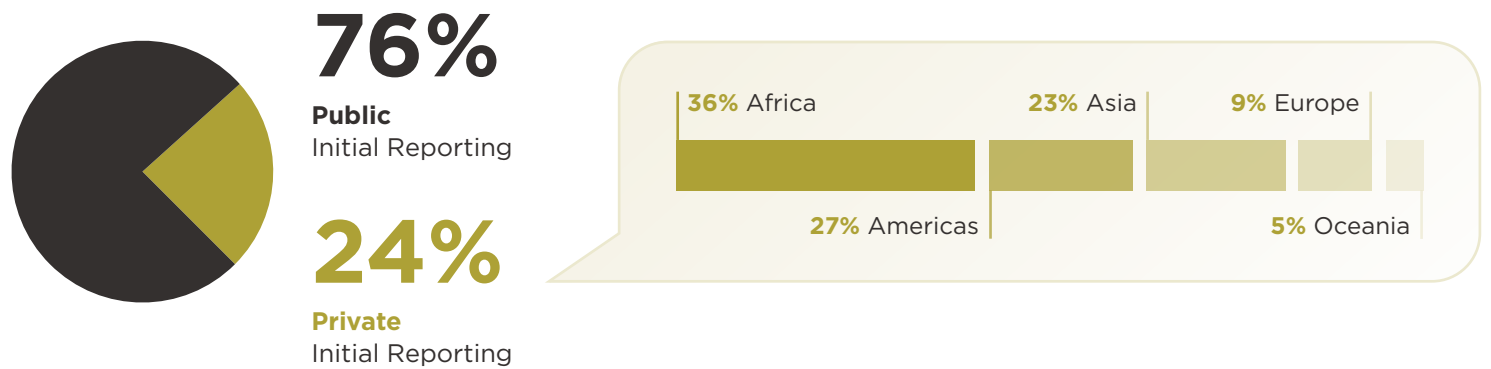


Of the 22 States Parties that elected to make their initial reports private...

- 8 are from **Africa**
- 6 are from the **Americas**
- 5 are from **Asia**
- 2 are from **Europe**
- 1 is from **Oceania**



**Rates of Public vs Private Initial Reporting** (as of 1 December 2024, in approximate percent)

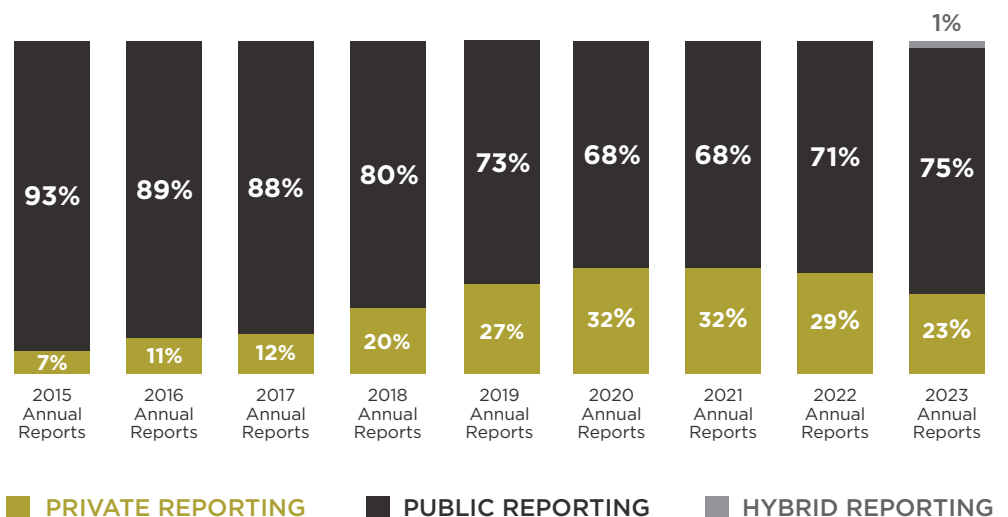


At least 85% of the ATT States Parties that submitted private ATT initial reports have reported publicly on their national arms transfer control systems in a national report on implementation of the UN Programme of Action.

**ANNUAL REPORTS**

**Rates of Private vs Public ATT Reporting on Annual Arms Exports and Imports** (as of 1 December 2024, in approximate percent)

The rate of private annual reporting dramatically increased in the first six years of ATT annual reporting, rising from 7% of 2015 annual reports to 32% of 2020 reports. The trend has since begun to reverse, with a current 23% of 2023 annual reports submitted privately as of 1 December 2024. In its 2023 report, Finland submitted a hybrid report, with its imports private and exports public.



Thirteen States Parties have only ever submitted private ATT annual reports to the treaty Secretariat. Another thirteen States Parties have alternated between public and private reporting, with no discernable trend in their reporting behavior. By comparison, at least eight States Parties have changed their practice from consistent public to private reporting, and at least five States have switched from private to public reporting in recent years.

Since the first round of ATT annual reporting, a total of 39 States Parties have submitted private annual reports to the ATT Secretariat at least once.

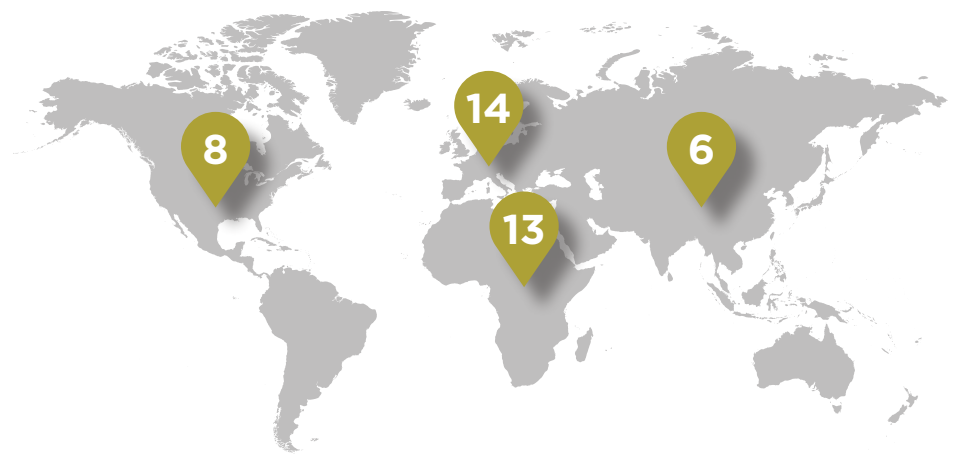
Of these States Parties...

**14** are from **Europe**

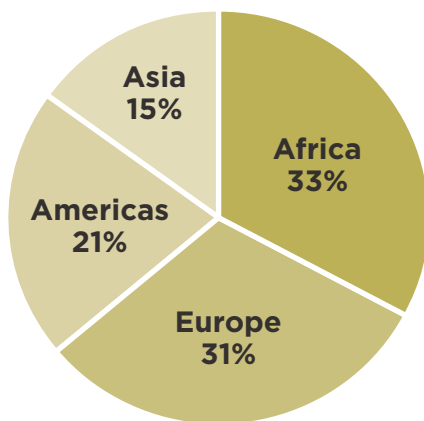
**13** are from **Africa**

**8** are from the **Americas**

**6** are from **Asia**



**Regional Share of Private Annual Reporting** (as of 1 December 2024 in approximate percent)



Of the States Parties that have submitted a private annual report at least once, approximately **92% have reported publicly on their annual arms exports and imports** either in the ATT context or to the UN Register of Conventional Arms (UNROCA). Thirteen of these States Parties submitted a public UNROCA report in the same year(s) they submitted a private ATT annual report.

## REASONS FOR PRIVATE REPORTING

States Parties have rarely indicated why they have chosen to make their ATT initial and/or annual reports private or have switched to private reporting after reporting publicly on their annual arms exports and imports. Private reporting may result from a change in personnel completing the reports or a change in national policy and practice. In responses to a survey conducted by the Stimson Center and the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute that examined the reasons for private ATT reporting, States offered the following explanations:

▶ Concerns relating to the release of information regarded as sensitive

▶ Security concerns

▶ Reported privately by mistake

▶ Obligation of a regional/multilateral/international agreement to which the State Party is a member